Charts and Tables from
"The Myth of American Meritocracy"

American Household Net Wealth, 2010

Top 1%
35.4%

Bottom 95%
36.9%

Next 4%
27.7%
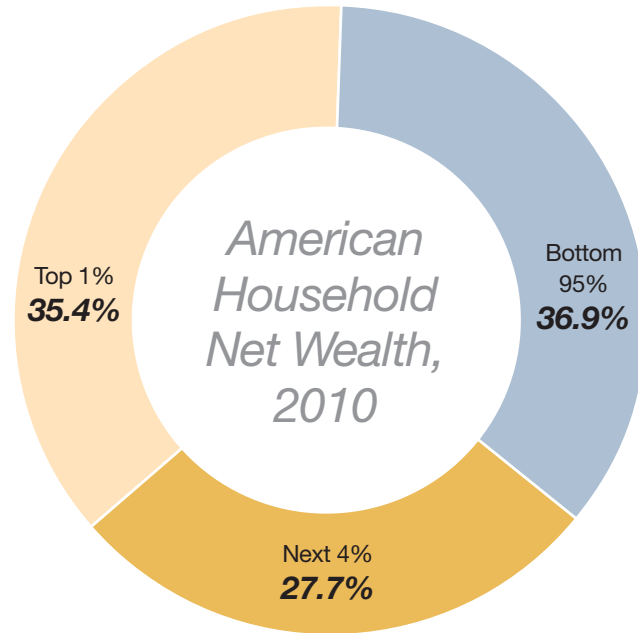
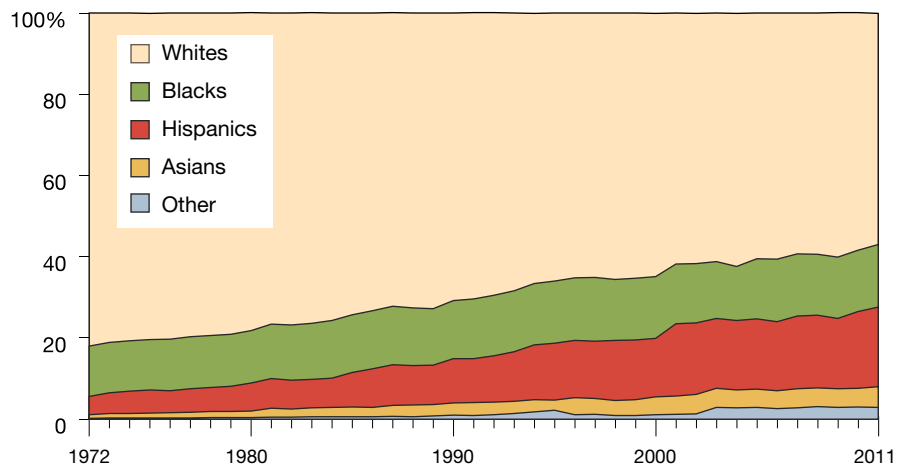## Asians Age 18-21 and Elite College Enrollment Trends, 1990-2011

Asians, Age 18-21

Asian Enrollment Percentage

Asians Age 18-21 (In Thousands)

Caltech — Harvard — Yale — Princeton — Brown — Columbia — Cornell — Dartmouth — Penn
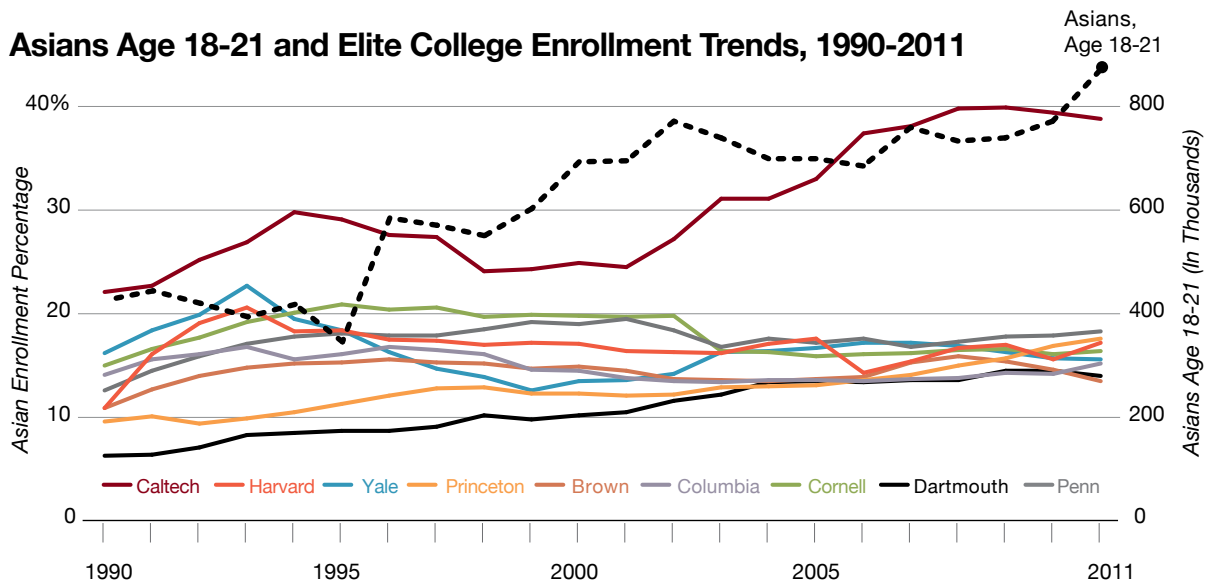
Trends of Asian enrollment at Caltech and the Ivy League universities, compared with growth of Asian college-age population; Asian age cohort population figures are based on Census CPS, and given the small sample size, are subject to considerable yearly statistical fluctuations. Source: Appendices B and C.
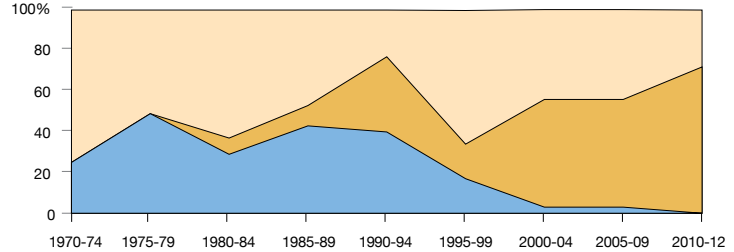
Racial Trends for Americans
Age 18-21, 1972-2011

Legend:
- Whites
- Blacks
- Hispanics
- Asians
- Other

Y-axis: 0, 20, 40, 60, 80, 100%

X-axis: 1972, 1980, 1990, 2000, 2011

U.S. Math Olympiad Teams

Period	N/J White	Asian	Jewish
1970s	56%	0%	44%
1980s	54%	9%	37%
1990s	45%	27%	28%
2000s	43%	53%	3%
2010s	28%	72%	0%

College Putnam Math Winners

Period	N/J White	Asian	Jewish
1938–49	59%	0%	41%
1950s	66%	3%	31%
1960s	76%	2%	22%
1970s	69%	0%	31%
1980s	75%	2%	24%
1990s	44%	24%	31%
2000s	52%	37%	12%
2010s	50%	50%	0%
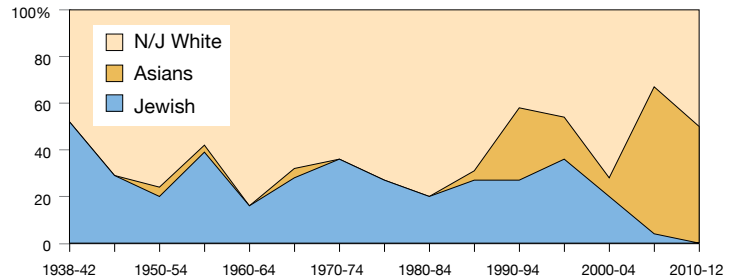
U.S. Physics Olympiad Winners

Period	N/J White	Asian	Jewish
1980s	49%	23%	28%
1990s	55%	25%	20%
2000s	46%	46%	9%
2010s	14%	81%	5%
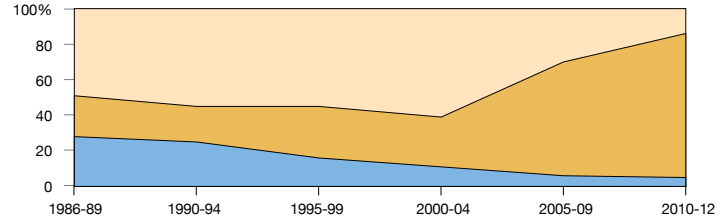
Science Olympiad Winners

Competition	N/J White	Asian	Jewish
Computing, 1992–2012	62%	27%	11%
Biology, 2003–2012	25%	68%	8%
Chemistry, 2011–2012	10%	90%	0%
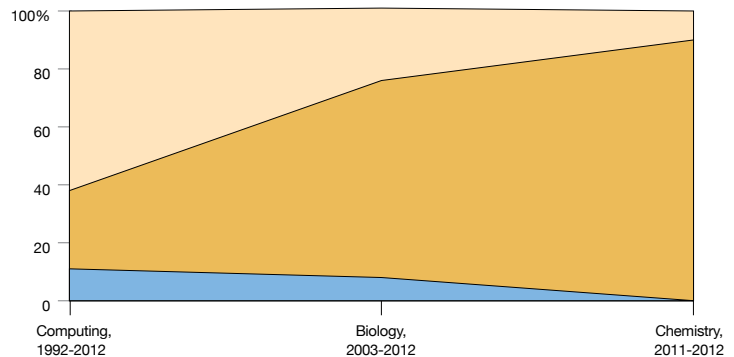
Siemens Science AP Winners

Period	N/J White	Asian	Jewish
2002–2011	31%	61%	8%

Science Talent Search Finalists

Period	N/J White	Asian	Jewish
1940s	83%	0%	17%
1950s	78%	1%	22%
1960s	76%	1%	23%
1970s	70%	8%	22%
1980s	55%	22%	23%
1990s	54%	29%	17%
2000s	49%	36%	15%
2010s	29%	64%	7%
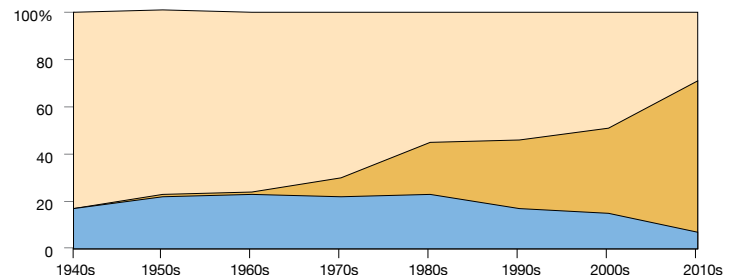
Recent NMS Semifinalists for Available States

State/Years	Total (2011)	N/J White	Asian	Jewish
Alabama/2008, 2010	208	83%	14%	2%
Arizona/2013	342	68%	26%	5%
California/2010, 2012	1,999	37%	58%	4%
Colorado/2012, 2013	256	78%	14%	7%
Florida/2008-13	867	74%	13%	8%
Illinois/2011-2013	693	71%	21%	8%
Indiana/2010, 2012-13	327	75%	18%	5%
Iowa/2011	191	80%	15%	4%
Kansas/2011	159	87%	9%	4%
Louisiana/2013	190	76%	19%	5%
Maryland/2010	327	57%	32%	11%
Michigan/2012, 2013	570	68%	30%	2%
Minnesota/2010, 2011	318	81%	13%	6%
Missouri/2011	344	87%	11%	2%
Nevada/2010, 2011	85	67%	20%	9%
New Mexico/2011	99	76%	11%	6%
New York/2011, 2012	957	45%	34%	21%
Ohio/2012, 2013	642	76%	20%	4%
Oklahoma/2008	187	83%	14%	3%
Pennsylvania/2012	700	72%	20%	9%
Tennessee/2010	279	80%	17%	2%
Texas/2010	1,344	68%	28%	3%
Virginia/2009	411	74%	19%	6%
Washington/2013	344	64%	31%	5%
Wisconsin/2012	324	87%	11%	3%
Eight Largest States	7,772	60%	33%	7%
25 State Aggregate	12,163	65%	28%	6%
National (estimated)	16,317	65-70%	25-30%	6%

National Average

- Non-Jewish White — 66.5%
- Asian — 26.5%
- Jewish — 6%
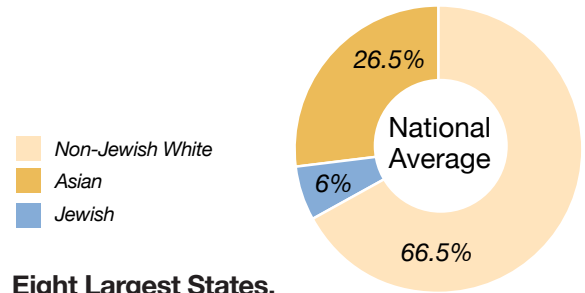
Eight Largest States, by Percentage

CA FL IL MI NY OH PA TX
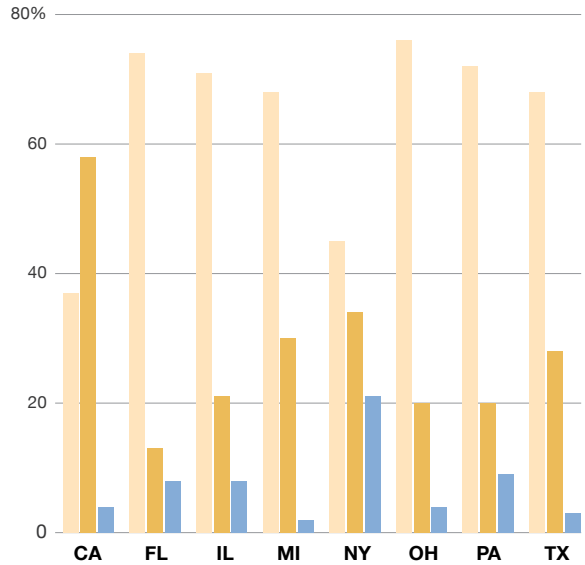
Elite University Undergraduate Enrollments, 2007-2011

University	Non-Jewish White	Asian	Unknown Race	Jewish
Harvard	18%	16%	12%	26%
Yale	20%	14%	11%	26%
Princeton	37%	16%	5%	13%
Brown	22%	15%	12%	24%
Columbia	15%	16%	10%	25%
Cornell	24%	16%	14%	23%
Dartmouth	42%	14%	6%	11%
Penn	17%	18%	13%	27%
All Ivy League	23%	16%	11%	23%
Caltech	33%	39%	2%	6%
MIT	27%	25%	6%	9%
Stanford	28%	21%	4%	10%
UC Berkeley	21%	40%	7%	10%
UCLA	24%	37%	4%	9%

- Non-Jewish White
- Asian
- Unknown Race
- Jewish

Harvard Yale Princeton All Ivy Caltech

Source: Appendices C-F

Jewish Enrollment at Harvard, Yale, and Princeton, 1900–2012

Yale
Harvard
Princeton
Parity

Elite University Enrollment Ratios 2007–11
Relative to Total Age 18–21 Population

Jewish
Asian
N/J White
Hispanic
Black

Elite University Enrollment Ratios 2007–2011
Relative to High Ability Students Age 18–21

Jewish
Asian
N/J White
NJW+A

Harvard
Yale
Princeton
Columbia
Dartmouth
Cornell
Brown
Penn
Stanford
MIT
Caltech
Berkeley
UCLA

Note that the ethnic enrollment ratios for Berkeley and UCLA are based on the national demographics, but their students are primarily drawn from within California, whose racial distribution is very different: the white student population is half the national average, while Asians and Hispanics are more numerous by a factor of two, implying different parity ratios. The underlying data for these charts is drawn from Appendix H.

GDP per capita growth

Constant international dollars adjusted for purchasing power parity
Ratios, 1980=100